MRC UNIT, THE GAMBIA

ANNUAL REPORT 2013

Leading scientific research to save lives and improve health across the developing world
Foreword from the Unit Director

As the Unit enters the final phase of the current ‘business’ cycle, I am happy to report that we met our external funding target for the financial year 2013/14. Nevertheless, we should not relax as the pressure to attract external funds remains: we need to continue to work and become even more competitive than we are now.

The Unit is working towards increasing its visibility regionally and internationally. Many of our researchers have strong links with ‘Western’ and African institutions; I come from the Institute of Tropical Medicine in Antwerp, for example. We look forward to increasing, enriching and expanding these relationships and welcome opportunities for new research synergies.

Ultimately, we want to provide the necessary elements to policy makers for better health interventions able to changes the lives of millions of Africans
2014 promises to be exciting and busy. We commenced the review of our research early in the year, and this will provide the foundation upon which we will build our Quinquennial plan to be submitted by the end of June. This is an essential step towards ensuring that the Unit will continue to carry out excellent research in the period 2015-2020. Therefore, it is extremely important to have a scientifically credible plan. We will continue to support our areas of strength, including TB; vaccine research; malaria and hepatitis B, but we will also be open to new challenges such as neglected diseases and the impact of demographic transition/the emergence of non-communicable diseases. In addition, I would like to have more multidisciplinary research in which lab-based sciences work in parallel with field-based research, social sciences and health system research. Ultimately, with our research we want to provide the necessary elements to policy makers for better health interventions able to changes the lives of millions of Africans.

I have a long and happy association with the MRC Gambia Unit as I started my research career here as a PhD student in the 1990s. Three years ago I returned to the Unit to set up the Disease Control & Elimination Theme, which is now thriving and well established. The Gambia Unit has been an integral and important part of my past and I am grateful to all people that helped me during my first steps into research and provided mentorship throughout my scientific career. I am also grateful to all staff that contributed and are contributing to my past and current projects. Without their efforts and commitment, we would not have been able to achieve so much.

I am looking forward to leading his great and respected institution into the bright future it deserves.

Professor Umberto D'Alessandro MD PhD
Unit Director
December 2013 marked the end of my 10-year tenure as Unit Director, and closed the 30 year chapter of my career with MRC Unit, The Gambia. It was an exciting year both personally and for the Unit. We joined the Medical Research Council in celebrating its centenary, and we were delighted to host Mr Donald Brydon CBE (Chairman of the Medical Research Council) and Professor Sir Keith Peters (an advisor to the new Francis Crick Institute, London) who graced our centenary celebrations in November. Activities included a schools open day and a panel discussion ‘Ask the Experts’ that was open to the public.

There were many important developments in 2013, including the award of over £1 million by the Medical I look forward to the development of tomorrow’s scientists and the continuation of excellent research at the Unit.
Research Foundation for full time undergraduate scholarships. A new joint initiative of MRC and LSHTM saw the inauguration of the West African Fellowship Scheme, which seeks to strengthen the postdoctoral training pipeline.

We welcomed a number of other distinguished visitors from research institutions in 2013, including the Director of the Institute of Tropical Medical (Antwerp), Professor Bruno Gryseels and Dr Kara Hanson (LSHTM) who gave talks at our research retreat in February. A special finale to the retreat was the announcement of the results of a students’ poster competition, judged by the Unit’s Scientific Advisory Board, showcasing the outstanding talent of our MSc, PhD and postdocs. MRC people were also honoured in November at a Director’s Award ceremony, celebrating excellence in team building, researcher potential, science support, leadership and networking.

The current Business Plan cycle (2010-2014/15) is entering its final phase and the new Director is busy planning the Unit’s scientific future. The last few years have seen the successful migration from an MRC-core funded programme model to the re-organisation of externally funded research under the 3 Themes, and the future looks very promising.

I am delighted to say that I have not left the MRC entirely: from 1st January 2014, I took up the new role of Director – Africa Research Development. Based in The Gambia, I will be working with international research institutions and funders, and I look forward to contributing towards the development of tomorrow’s African scientists and the continuation of excellent science.

Professor Tumani Corrah CBE
Emeritus Director
Centenary celebrations at MRC Fajara: from left – Donald Brydon at schools open day; MRC Basse drama using novel ways to communicate science; students touring the compound
Progress against our strategic objectives

Enhancing the quality of our science
the three Theme leaders have secured a complementary portfolio of competitive MRC and external grants, meeting funding targets for £6 million in 2012/13 and 8 million in 2013/14

Influencing and leading global networks
the three Theme leaders have secured a complementary portfolio of competitive MRC and external grants, meeting funding targets for £6 million in 2012/13 and 8 million in 2013/14

Getting research into practice
In 2013, two new vaccines were introduced into the Gambia’s Expanded Programme on Immunisation. MVP and Rotavirus

Building capacity and developing staff
the three Theme leaders have secured a complementary portfolio of competitive MRC and external grants, meeting funding targets for £6 million in 2012/13 and 8 million in 2013/14
## NEW GRANTS 2013

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Name</th>
<th>PI Name</th>
<th>Funding Body</th>
<th>Institute</th>
<th>Duration (months)</th>
<th>Amount (£)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PRINOGAM</td>
<td>Umberto d’Alessandro</td>
<td>MRC</td>
<td>Disease Control &amp; Elimination</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>1,150,268</td>
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<tr>
<td>IPV Clinical Trials - Gambia</td>
<td>Beate Kampmann</td>
<td>BMGF</td>
<td>Vaccinology</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>1,999,619</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INTERUPTB</td>
<td>Martin Antonio</td>
<td>ERC/ Prins Leopold Instituut Voor Tropische Geneeskunde</td>
<td>Vaccinology</td>
<td>5 years</td>
<td>120,998</td>
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<tr>
<td>MenAfriCAR</td>
<td>Martin Antonio</td>
<td>BMGF/ LSHTM</td>
<td>Vaccinology</td>
<td>11 months</td>
<td>98,211</td>
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<tr>
<td>MVVC2</td>
<td>Dr Muhammed Afolabi</td>
<td>EDCTP/ European Vaccine Initiative</td>
<td>Vaccinology</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>184,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>GC6 2013</td>
<td>Jayne Sutherland</td>
<td>BMGF/ The University of Cape Town</td>
<td>Vaccinology</td>
<td>29 months</td>
<td>182,277</td>
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<tr>
<td>Plasmodium falciparum drug resistance in The Gambia: identification of potential markers by retrospective genomics approaches</td>
<td>Alfred Ngwa</td>
<td>MRC</td>
<td>Disease Control &amp; Elimination</td>
<td>4 years</td>
<td>617,823</td>
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<td>Genotypic variation of Cross border and isolated Plasmodium falciparum isolates in West Africa</td>
<td>Alfred Ngwa</td>
<td>MRC</td>
<td>Disease Control &amp; Elimination</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>20,000</td>
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<td>FIND Project</td>
<td>Jayne Sutherland</td>
<td>WHO FIND</td>
<td>Vaccinology</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>16,500</td>
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<td>Evolution of human helminths under polyparasitism &amp; integrated control</td>
<td>Florian Gehre</td>
<td>Royal Society / Imperial College London</td>
<td>Vaccinology</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>6,300</td>
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<td>The ontogeny of innate immunity in Gambian infants</td>
<td>Anna Battersby</td>
<td>Wellcome Trust/ Imperial College London</td>
<td>Vaccinology</td>
<td>23 months</td>
<td>79,562</td>
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<td>Programme Grant</td>
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<td>MRC</td>
<td>Vaccinology</td>
<td>5 years</td>
<td>2,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Development and Proof of principle Oxygen Modular system</td>
<td>Stephen Howie</td>
<td>MRC</td>
<td>Child Survival</td>
<td>2.5 years</td>
<td>550,602</td>
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<td>MRC-LSHTM West African Research Fellows</td>
<td>Tumani Corrah</td>
<td>MRC</td>
<td>West Africa</td>
<td>5 years</td>
<td>999,352</td>
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<td>TB Global Fund Phase II</td>
<td>Adetifa Ifedayo</td>
<td>Global Fund</td>
<td>Disease Control &amp; Elimination</td>
<td>32 months</td>
<td>560,112</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sigma Tau Clinical Trial</td>
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In 2013, the Disease Control & Elimination Theme (DCE) secured two externally funded project grants:


- Multicentre trial: “A phase II, open-label, multicentre, pharmacokinetic, pharmacodynamics and safety study of a new paediatric eurartesim dispersible formulation and crushed film coated eurartesimtablet, in infant patients with Plasmodium falciparum malaria”, sponsored by the pharmaceutical company Sigma Tau (Italy).
On-going work

Malaria

**MRC Programme Grant:** In 2013, the 5-year programme funded by the Medical Research Council on malaria transmission dynamics in The Gambia (led by Professor Umberto D’Alessandro) completed its second year of activities which consisted of carrying out monthly bleeding on all residents in 12 villages (6 pairs in which villages have opposite transmission profiles).

Entomological data collections have been carried out in parallel and the social science component of the programme looked at human population movements between villages.

**MMV study:** The analysis of biological samples collected within the multicentre (Benin, Guinea Conakry and The Gambia) project on the burden of malaria in infants under 6 months and funded by Medicine for Malaria Venture has been completed and data are currently being analysed.

**PRINOGAM study:** (Primaquine’s gametocytocidal efficacy in malaria asymptomatic carriers treated with dihydroartemisinin-piperaquine), funded by the Global Health Trial Scheme, started recruitment in Jahaly and Basse and will continue until the end of 2015.

The **COSMIC study** (Community-based scheduled screening and treatment of malaria in pregnancy for improved maternal and infant health: a cluster-randomized trial), funded by the European Union, is a multicentre trial (The Gambia, Burkina Faso and Benin) aimed at bringing health services close to where women live, using village health workers to provide an antimalarial intervention to women with difficult access to the formal health system. The field work in The Gambia began in Basse in November 2013. The project is also being carried out by a multidisciplinary consortium of scientists and experts with different backgrounds in bio-medical research, health systems research, socio-economic and anthropological studies. These partners are The Royal Tropical Institute, Amsterdam, The Netherlands; The Medical Research Council Unit, The Gambia; Centre Muraz, Burkina Faso; The Centre de Recherche Entomologique de Cotonou (CREC), Benin; The Institute of Tropical Medicine in Antwerp, Belgium; Imperial College London, UK; and TDR, the Special Programme for Research and Training in Tropical Diseases, WHO.

The Disease Control & Elimination Theme also continued to provide expertise to – and collaborate with – the **National Malaria Control Programme (NMCP)** of The Gambia. Collaborations included an efficacy of the first line antimalarial treatment in The Gambia and a health facilities survey.

Tuberculosis

The **nationwide TB prevalence survey** funded by the UN Global Fund against AIDS, TB and Malaria (GFATM) has been completed, while the cluster randomized trial of the impact of an enhanced case finding is on-going.
On-going work

Hepatitis B

The Gambia Hepatitis Intervention Study (GHIS) was established in 1986 as a joint programme between the International Agency for Research on Cancer, the Government of The Gambia and the Medical Research Council (UK). The main goal is to evaluate the protective effectiveness of infant hepatitis B immunisation in preventing chronic liver disease, specifically, primary liver cell carcinoma and cirrhosis, in a high-risk population. Intensive surveillance for hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) continues at population level with outreach clinics being held regularly at the MRC and health facilities around the country. Sufficient numbers of cases have now been confirmed to allow the link between detected HCC cases and the original GHIS vaccination database. This work is on-going and is supported by Professor Andy Hall, now a visiting senior scientist at IARC.

The PROLIFICA project (Prevention of liver fibrosis and cancer in Africa), funded by the European Union (FP7), is currently on-going. The HBV screening and treatment (WATCH) programme continues with a cohort of over 1,150 participants, over 850 of whom are HBsAg-positive. 73 are on oral Tenofovir treatment with over 100 patients still to be clinically assessed to determine whether they need treatment or not. The hepatocellular case-control programme (HC4) has recruited over 240 patients so far and is on-going. The effect of oral Tenofovir on bone health (PROBONE) in HBV infected individuals has started recruitment in Keneba. The acquisition of a bone densitometry scanner in Fajara will boost the numbers that are recruited into this sub-study.

The prevalence of hepatitis E (HEV) in our PROLIFICA cohort is being studied by our virologist, Dr Harr Njai, in collaboration with colleagues from Japan.

Bacterial infections

The PregAnZI (Prevention of bacterial infections in the new-borns by pre-delivery administration of azithromycin trial) aims at determining the efficacy of azithromycin given to pregnant women in labour in preventing bacterial carriage in the early neonatal period. By the end of 2013, 75% of study participants had been recruited and more than half of the biological samples processed.

Trachoma

The Trachoma Research Group, working in collaboration with the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine and The Gambia’s National Eye Health Programme, carried out the last of three rolling surveys designed to determine the prevalence of active trachoma and trichiasis across The Gambia. The results of these surveys have been shared with the Ministry of Health and Social Welfare and SightSavers International and together partners have developed an action plan that will see The Gambia apply to be recognised, by the World Health Organization, as having eliminated trachoma as a public health concern.

The group also began a pilot study to field-test serology assays as potential tools for use trachoma elimination programmes.
Collaboration with the other Research Themes

The Disease Control & Elimination Theme provides statistical and epidemiological expertise to the other two research Themes (Child Survival and Vaccinology) and manages the demographic surveillance systems established at Farafenni (about 45,000 people) and the south bank of the Upper River Region (about

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**PhD Studentship**

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<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dr Muhammed Afolabi</td>
<td>Is currently doing PhD, sponsored by MVVC consortium and funded by EDCTP [Vaccinology]</td>
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</table>

**MSc Studentships**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ya Jankey Jagne</td>
<td>Has completed an MSc in Immunology (London School of Hygiene &amp; Tropical Medicine), sponsored by MVVC consortium and funded by EDCTP [Vaccinology Theme]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ismaela Abubakar</td>
<td>Completed MSc project in data management, sponsored by GMZ2 malaria vaccine trial consortium and funded by EDCTP [Data Management]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mamkumba Sanneh</td>
<td>Is currently doing an MSc in Project Management funded by the Malaria in Pregnancy Consortium [HR Department]</td>
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Training

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**PhD Studentship**

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**MSc Studentships**

- **Ya Jankey Jagne** has completed an MSc in Immunology (London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine), sponsored by MVVC consortium and funded by EDCTP [Vaccinology Theme].
- **Ismaela Abubakar** completed MSc project in data management, sponsored by GMZ2 malaria vaccine trial consortium and funded by EDCTP [Data Management].
- **Mamkumba Sanneh** is currently doing an MSc in Project Management funded by the Malaria in Pregnancy Consortium [HR Department].
Our vision is to reduce child mortality by targeting the leading causes of death using our core strengths in epidemiology and clinical paediatrics with a strong field and clinic infrastructure firmly linked to the laboratory. Our top targets are serious infections in children - pneumonia, diarrhoea, meningitis and sepsis. Our aim is understanding that leads to intervention, specifically by undertaking studies of: vaccine effectiveness; etiology, diagnosis and determinants of severe childhood infection; and treatment.

We are delighted to have recently added Dr Akram Zaman of LSHTM to our team, which will strengthen our clinical epidemiological research and grant capacity.
On-going work

PERCH
Pneumonia remains the leading cause of death in children globally and a better understanding of its evolving aetiology is crucial to its control. The Pneumonia Etiology Research for Child Health (PERCH) project coordinated through Johns Hopkins University is a large 7-country $40m Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation-funded study targeting this need. The Gambia site, led by Dr Stephen Howie, and the project as a whole, had a highly successful year and we look with anticipation towards the analysis phase in 2014/15.

GEMS
The Global Enteric Multicentre Study (GEMS) has provided us with the fullest picture yet of the causes and impact of moderate-to-severe diarrhoea. GEMS is a multi-country Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation-funded project coordinated through the University of Maryland and led at the Gambia site by Dr Jahangir Hossain. In 2013 GEMS results published in The Lancet showed that Interventions targeting five pathogens (rotavirus, Shigella, ST-ETEC, Cryptosporidium, typical enteropathogenic E coli) can substantially reduce the burden of moderate-to-severe diarrhea, the second largest killer of children globally. We look forward to building further on this work in The Gambia.

PSP
Following in the tradition of the seminal Hib vaccine work of which the Unit, the $6.9 million Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation-funded Pneumococcal Surveillance Project (PSP) led by Dr Grant Mackenzie continued its important work measuring PCV effectiveness. Vaccine effectiveness work from The Gambia has been influential in global vaccine policy and there was intense interest from the global pneumococcal in key interim data presented at the recent ISPPD Conference in Hyderabad. Important data concerning Hib disease have also contributed to the Hib vaccine policy discussions of the WHO’s Strategic Advisory Group of Experts (SAGE).

Teknon02
Oxygen is a key treatment for the prevention of death in children with severe pneumonia but developing countries struggle to provide it to these children. The Novel Oxygen Solutions Project (Teknon02), funded by the Medical Research Council’s Developmental Pathway Funding Scheme, commenced in 2013 and is led by Dr Stephen Howie. The project builds on the work of the Unit in this area in recent years and aims to develop and field-test robust oxygen delivery systems for developing countries. In this way we hope to contribute to filling a crucial gap in the child survival armamentarium.
On-going work

EUCLIDS
The EUCLIDS study, an EU-funded multi-country study coordinated through Imperial College London and led in The Gambia by Drs Kalifa Bojang and Suzanne Anderson, is looking at the genetic basis of meningococcal and other life-threatening bacterial infections of childhood. The study has been actively engaged at various hospitals including the MRC and EFSTH wards and is progressing well with recruitment.

The progress of 2013 has been made possible because of the dedicated staff we have at the bench, field and bedside, the partnership we have with the Unit’s other themes, and the underpinning of the Unit’s research platforms and support services.
## Training

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Uduak Okomo</td>
<td>MRC PhD Studentship in newborn sepsis (ongoing)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James Jafali</td>
<td>partners with Statistics Department in the Darwin Edinburgh MRC Gambia Studentship to study transcriptomic expression in serious childhood infections- awarded 2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anne Rerimoi</td>
<td>in partnership with Demography Department - MRC Studentship (Anne Rerimoi) to study demographic aspects of newborn mortality- awarded 2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teresa Litchfield</td>
<td>PhD through LSHTM to study the effect of stove and cooking fuel intervention on exposure to indoor air pollution</td>
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</table>
VACCINOLOGY THEME

Professor Beate Kampmann

In 2013, the Vaccinology Theme attracted external funding of more than £3 million and continued to follow its vision to conduct research from bench to bedside and back to the lab, across its 3 main areas of strategic investment and in collaboration with the other 2 Themes.
On-going work

Tuberculosis: creating an integrated toolbox

Professor Kampmann’s MRC programme grant kicked off in 2013 and provides the support for the Theme’s childhood tuberculosis research programme, initially funded by a StopTB partnership Wave 2 grant in 2012.

The childhood TB programme is now firmly embedded in the TB Case Contact platform (TB-CC), an integrated platform for adults and children with TB that remains an internationally recognised resource for in-depth and state-of-the-art studies of TB epidemiology, diagnostics and markers of protective immunity. The platform has further strengthened its connections with the National Leprosy & Tuberculosis Programme (NLTBP) in The Gambia and has added an important training element for community workers in TB.

Further international collaborations have been formed, including evaluating novel diagnostics with FIND and implementing the GeneXpert; MRC is the only facility in West Africa currently equipped with this new technology.

The Vaccinology Theme continues to conduct basic science research in TB with a particular focus on the differences between M.africanum and M tuberculosis and evaluation of promising diagnostic host biomarkers from a variety of specimens. It now has a unique set up to conduct research linking TB epidemiology with host and pathogen.

In October 2013, Dr Jayne Sutherland was appointed as the permanent Head to lead activities within the TB-CC.
Infant Immunology: Combining basic science research with Clinical Vaccine Trials

2013 was a busy year for the Infant Immunology Platform, led by Dr Ed Clarke, as 2 major clinical trials kicked off: over less than 6 months 1300 children have now been enrolled in a clinical trial assessing the use of inactivated polio vaccine in the context of the existing EPI programme for 9-month olds, including randomisation to a number of needle-less devices. In addition to Sukuta and Faji Kunda, a third trial site was set up at the Jammeh Foundation Hospital for Peace with a purpose-built clinic. The data from this BMGF-funded trial will directly influence the WHO Strategic Advisory Group of Experts (SAGE) committee decision process on the endgame strategies for polio eradication. (stick pics form polio in here)

Multi-Vial Trial: The Pfizer-sponsored clinical trial evaluating the multi-vial preparation of PCV13 versus the currently used single vial preparation was also initiated, led by Dr Anna Roca and Dr Olubukola Idoko. If equivalence of the preparations can be shown, this trial will lead to licensure of the preparation, with GAVI endorsement.

The Infant Immunology platform at Sukuta remains a major resource not just for clinical trials, but also for a number of our PhD and MSc projects focusing on mechanisms of immune and vaccine responses in infants to a variety of antigens.

We are delighted that 2 new vaccines (rotavirus and MenAfriVac) were introduced into the Gambian EPI schedule in 2013, endorsed by the results from important studies conducted at the MRC Unit (GEMS, Meningitis Vaccine Project).

Molecular Diagnostics

Under Dr Martin Antonio’s leadership, important capacity-building projects within our regional networks and analysis of samples for prestigious international studies such as PERCH have continued very successfully and an upgraded molecular facility is now completed. An NIH-funded neonatal microbiome project led by Dr Brenda Kwambana is nearing completion in Sibanor and set up further integrated work between molecular microbiology and infant immunology.
The Theme has a monthly cross-cutting scientific meeting where data from ongoing work are presented by staff in all areas of Vaccinology.

PhD students from Imperial College have also recently joined the group on site and the weekly Kampmann lab meetings between the Imperial and the MRC labs are attended by all post docs and trainees, independent of location, using web-based technology.

The Vaccinology Theme currently sponsors, mentors and supports a number of PhD students and several MSc students.

Current PhDs

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Name</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jorjoh Ndure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fatou Noho-Konteh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr Muhammed Afolabi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr Toyin Togun</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saikou Y Bah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr Uzochukwu Egere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Usman Nurudeen Ikumapayi</td>
</tr>
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PARTNERSHIPS

Edward Francis Small Teaching Hospital
Dr Kalifa Bojang

EFSTH is The Gambia’s main tertiary care centre receiving patients from all over the country and provides a range of medical services on both an inpatient and outpatient basis. The paediatric unit has 93 beds and cots with bed occupancy commonly over 130% during the rainy season. The Paediatric Unit provides an opportunity to study both large numbers of patients with common diseases such as pneumonia, diarrhoea and uncomplicated malaria, and relatively uncommon conditions such as meningitis, neonatal sepsis and severe malaria.

EFSTH has worked very closely with the MRC unit since the latter was established in The Gambia 67 years ago. Three paediatricians (Drs Kalifa Bojang, Baderinwa Abatan and Fatou Secka) from the MRC work in the Department of Paediatrics. They are involved in research, teaching and clinical care.

Edward Francis Small Teaching Hospital (formerly Royal Victoria Teaching Hospital), Banjul
On-going MRC Research Projects based at EFSTM

EUCLIDS
The EU-funded childhood life threatening infectious diseases genetics study (EUCLIDS) project aims to identify genes controlling the susceptibility, severity and outcome of life-threatening infection, as well as to identify genes controlling the success or failure of immunisation. The project is based at the Paediatric Unit and the MRC Ward, Fajara.

Risk factors for malaria in pregnancy
In sub-Saharan Africa, malaria and hypertension are common diseases of pregnancy. They have pathophysiological similarities such as placental ischemia, endothelial dysfunction, and production of proinflammatory cytokines. This study investigates whether or not placental malarial infection is a risk factor for hypertensive disorders during pregnancy.

Haemophilus influenzae type b surveillance
The Paediatric Unit is one of the sites for surveillance of Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) disease. The project aims to assess the long-term effect of routine conjugate Hib vaccination in the Gambia.

Training
The Paediatric Department provides training for student nurses, medical students, house officers and postgraduate doctors. EFSTH is now a site for the primary exams for the Fellowship of West African College of Physicians.

The Paediatric Unit continued to attract medical students from Europe and West Africa for their electives. Twenty medical students from University of Swansea were hosted by the paediatric department.

A number of medical officers have attended GCP training at MRC

Capacity building
A 5-part haematology analyser has been installed in the SMAC laboratory
The MRC West Africa Collaboration (WAC) initiative has made major progress in the last 3 years to reinforce sub-regional partnerships in research and building a strong network.

MRC initiated the strengthening of health research capacity at West Africa partner institutions from the beginning of the initiative and this was strongly supported by capacity development grants from the EDCTP for the creation of WANETAM (West Africa Nodes of Excellence); and from Canadian GHRI for the WAPHIR (West African Platform for HIV Intervention Research) network. Two WAPHIR annual retreats that involved partner institutions of MRC, Fajara, LBV, Senegal and INASA/BHP, Guinea Bissau have enabled the experiential development of work plans that address pre-defined gaps, coordination and synergy of capacity building activities within the funded programs and the building of intercommunication links.
Consolidating the network with collaborative research

The current research includes:

- EDCTP funded senior fellowship project (Gambian and Senegalese) to jointly study functional characteristics of NK activated responses in HIV infected adults in Bissau and healthy infants in the Gambia respectively, who had received HIV vaccine candidates in two previous EDCTP phase I trials within the framework and platform of WAPHIR and WAC

- MRC WAC platform-supported host genetic and epigenetic determinants that mediate outcomes in HIV-2 versus HIV-1; specifically examining the role of CCR5 methylation and genotype in HIV progression.

- Development of a quantitative HIV-1 and HIV-2 real-time PCR for feasible use in the monitoring of HIV infection in the West Africa HIV platform

- Epidemiological observation of morbidity, mortality and immune activation levels in infected treatment-naïve patients in West Africa

- WAC supported externally funded/MRC thematic projects: ‘A proof-of-concept Phase IIb clinical trial to evaluate the protective efficacy of a booster MVA85A vaccination administered to healthy, HIV-infected adults’; and the ‘Prevention of liver fibrosis and cancer in Africa (PROLIFICA)’ project.

Training

Activities included training in laboratory skills; GCLP/GCP; clinical trial management; data management; TB, Malaria and HIV specific laboratory skills; laboratory equipment maintenance and engineering training; post-graduate training in epidemiology, basic science; clinical trials; biostatistics, data distribution and management; and the development of inter-site communication tools.

A number of ancillary research support training workshops - including project management, grant writing skills and English language for our Francophone and Lusophone partners – were also carried out.

The establishment of the WAPHIR SQL server with developed management tools and SOPs for the amalgamated HIV database and new Biobank with item tracking system at LBV in Dakar are evidence of system strengthening in the network. Through these activities, the research network in the region has generated stakeholder awareness and engagement, and participants have gained a number of important skills to support joint research projects and clinical trials in collaboration with the MRC.
EDCTP – funded Senior Fellowships – 2012-2014

Dr Moustapha Mbow (above) received the best Abstract Ward for the MRC NK Project at the African AIDS conference (ICASA 2013) in South Africa in October 2013. He is presented the award by the WHO Director for the regional Office in Africa (AFRO), Dr Luis Gomes Sambo.

Below left: Dr Sabelle Jallow. Below centre: Dr Moustapha Mbow received the best Abstract Ward for the MRC NK Project at the African AIDS conference (ICASA 2013) in South Africa in October 2013. Right: Dr Mbow being presented with the award by the WHO Director for the Regional Office Africa (WHO AFRO), Dr Luis Gomes Sambo.
One of the long-term aims of the CSD is to embed more research directly within the Department, with the added benefit of enabling nursing and medical staff to gain research skills and experience. Because of our adaptable and skilled workforce we are ideally placed to complete small, well-defined studies, especially where intensive patient management is required. In 2013 we began our first clinical
The Malaria PK study is a multi-site trial evaluating a dispersible artemether combination tablet for infants with uncomplicated malaria. The Gambia Unit was the first site in Africa to obtain all regulatory approvals and the first site to start patient recruitment.

Further research into the causes of non-malarial febrile illnesses, using new molecular diagnostics, was completed within the EUCLIDS study with Dr Nathalie MacDermott, an Imperial College Global Health Fellow, with additional support from the Netherlands Public Health Unit.

### Capacity Development

A key role of the Department is contributing to healthcare capacity development. One area of particular need is in the development of cardiology expertise to diagnose and manage the high numbers of Gambian children and teenagers with congenital and acquired heart disease. Together with Dr Kalifa Bojang (MRC and Edward Francis Small Teaching Hospital) and with generous support from the UK charity, Chain of Hope, we have successfully sent one young clinician from the EFSTH hospital for cardiology training in Aswan, Egypt; and in early 2014, Rahmatulai Maane, our junior MRC radiographer, travelled to the Aswan Heart Centre to learn cardiac echocardiography. In the near future we plan that these new skills will contribute to surveillance work on the prevalence of rheumatic heart disease within The Gambia.
Innovating learning

Skilled fieldworkers are crucial to the Unit’s front-line operations and are highly “visible” to the communities on whom we depend. In 2013, Ashwin Mehta (MRC UK’s Safety and Resilience Department) undertook a pilot study with Mafugi Dibba (Learning & Development Department, MRC Unit, The Gambia) to develop and implement “blended learning” (a mixture of online and offline teaching methods) for fieldworkers. The pilot, involving over 200 fieldworkers, showed that blended learning can achieve better learning outcomes for this group and more cheaply than our conventional, teacher-centred approach. The programme is likely to be extended and will be a valuable model for innovative learning at the Unit.
A new Head of Researcher Training and Development

Work with Unit staff in 2012 indicated a need to strengthen researchers’ broader skills so that they are able to manage their research effectively to their own benefit and that of the Unit. While these are often called “transferable” or “generic” skills they have significant value for the Unit. As a result, the Director appointed Dr Peter Dukes to the role of Head of Researcher Training & Development. Peter joined the Unit on secondment from MRC Head Office in April 2013, where he was previously responsible for the MRC’s investment in research fellows and studentships.

Attracting talented school-leavers to science

Concerned that the brightest of Gambian school-leavers were being attracted into careers in business and banking, with attractive training opportunities abroad, Professor Corrah established a programme in 2002 to draw Gambian talent into science – and into the Unit with funding from what has become the Medical Research Foundation (MRF). Abdul Khalie Muhammed, the sixth of the seven MRF Scholars graduated in 2013, and brought back to the Unit much needed graduate skills in mathematics and statistics. The Director successfully persuaded the MRF generously to support a further ten BSc scholarships awards over the next five years, with opportunities for further advanced training at Masters level.

The Researcher Development Programme

The Unit appointed a team from the University of Manchester (UK) and Vitae to help develop and deliver a new programme of generic skills training for early career researchers. The Manchester team draws on extensive local experience in staff and student development. Vitae, established by Research Councils UK to strengthen researcher development nationally in the UK, helps institutions implement policies and good practice, and individuals to reflect on and improve their own performance. Using the Vitae Researcher Development Framework, researchers at any level from PhD trainee to professor can assess their current skills and then identify, prioritise and review their development needs. Using their own RDF Planner, individuals track their progress towards their developmental goals.

Together, we developed and launched the Unit’s new Researcher Development platform in November 2013. Following an open competition for places, we enrolled 25 PhD students and postdoctoral researchers for the 2013/14 session.
Sharing learning resources

In January 2014, we launched a pilot blog, Learn & Develop (http://learndevelop.mrc.gm ). The aim is to promote sharing of training resources and information. By early March 2014, Learn&Develop had published articles by eight different contributors, most of which had attracted readers’ experiences, ideas and comments. We published the following resources, of value to a broad range of professional staff:

- Social media and science communication, based on a Unit course delivered in November 2013 by Kath Nightingale, science writer at the MRC UK
- Writing applications for a training opportunity, based on a course delivered by Peter Dukes in June 2006
- Fearless presentations, to enable our scientists to present confidently and with impact.

We aim to develop the blog as a shared resource with the MRC/UVRI Uganda Research Unit on AIDS and in the longer term foster a larger, pan-African trainee community.

Building postdoctoral excellence

There are few opportunities for outstanding postdoctoral African scientists to develop their careers in Africa. So the award in 2013 of a highly competitive MRC Career Development Award Fellowship to Dr Alfred Amambua Ngwa was an important milestone both for Alfred and the Unit. This prestigious award enables Alfred to return to full-time research [on the challenges of drug resistance in malaria] after two years as the Manager of the Molecular Diagnostics Programme. “Establishing my new project is an education in itself,” says Alfred. “My ambition is to ask the key research questions and then to deliver significant answers, using cutting-edge technologies in the hands of highly skilled and motivated African scientists.”

Dr Brenda Kwambana was the first recipient of a new West African Global Health Research Fellowships (WAF). Three Fellowships have been created by the Unit jointly with the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine (LSHTM) to enable outstanding early postdoctoral scientists to develop their research skills in West Africa – while further strengthening the close links that the two institutions already enjoy. Following a bid to MRC, the Council awarded Professors Tumani Corrah and Peter Piot (Director of the LSHTM) £1m to support the new programme. It will provide part funding for two West African and one EU Fellows.
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The six components of the MRC Researcher Development Programme

1. **Reflective practice** Participants reflect on their researcher competencies. They are introduced to the Researcher Development Framework and use the RDF Planner to assess their own skills and needs. They identify and prioritise actions.

2. **Personal effectiveness** Maximising your strengths as a researcher, effective prioritisation, making time for your research and work-life balance, ways of working effectively with others and confident communication.

3. **Research excellence** Research strategy, grant writing, fellowship competitiveness, managing your research award, research integrity, publication and impact.

4. **Management and Leadership** Becoming a postdoctoral researcher, recruiting and managing a team, understanding management and leadership, the roles of supervisors, line-manager, directors, coaches and mentors.

5. **Career management** Making an impact, strategic academic career planning, networking and making informed career choices.

6. **Evaluation** This session provides trainees with an opportunity to reflect on their learning and to develop further their longer term professional development plan.
## LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT

### Staff Trained in 2013

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>University</th>
<th>Degree &amp; Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ismaela Abubakar</td>
<td>Sheffield Hallam University</td>
<td>MSc in IT Professional Databases, Merit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ms Sarah Dufie Sarpong</td>
<td>University of Portsmouth</td>
<td>Master of Science in Occupational Health and Safety Management, Merit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modupeh Betts</td>
<td>Kingston University</td>
<td>Bachelor of Science Honours in Biomedical Science, First Class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adama L. Bojang</td>
<td>University of Manchester</td>
<td>Bachelor Of Science Honours in Biomedical Science, 2.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shola-Able Thomas</td>
<td>University of Manchester</td>
<td>Bachelor Of Science Honours in Biomedical Science, 2.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ebrima Danso</td>
<td>Kingston University</td>
<td>Bachelor Of Science in Biomedical Science, 2.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abdul Khalie Muhammad</td>
<td>University of Reading</td>
<td>Bachelor of Science Honours in Mathematics and Statistics, Second Class, Division Two</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Samuel Nyamweya</td>
<td>Open University</td>
<td>PhD Genotypes of Helicobacter pylori in Gambian Children and adults</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ousman Secka</td>
<td>Open University</td>
<td>BSc Hons Biomedical Science, First Class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modupeh Betts</td>
<td>Kingston University</td>
<td>BSc Hons Biomedical Science, First Class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ya Jankey Jagne</td>
<td>London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine</td>
<td>MSc in Immunology of Infectious Disease, Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alieu Mendy</td>
<td>University of Salford</td>
<td>MSc in Molecular Parasitology &amp; vector Biology, Distinction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oumie Secka</td>
<td>University of Manchester</td>
<td>MSc in Immunology and Immunogenetics, Merit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ebrima Bojang</td>
<td>St George’s University of London</td>
<td>Foundation Degree in Science with Distinction in Biomedical Science</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abdoulie Dammeh</td>
<td>St George’s University of London</td>
<td>Foundation Degree in Science with Distinction in Biomedical Science</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ndoy Fatou Dammeh</td>
<td>St George’s University of London</td>
<td>Foundation Degree in Science with Distinction in Biomedical Science</td>
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<tr>
<td>Abdoulie Kanteh</td>
<td>St George’s University of London</td>
<td>Foundation Degree in Science with Distinction in Biomedical Science</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abigail Ayorinde</td>
<td>St George’s University of London</td>
<td>Foundation Degree in Science with Merit in Biomedical Science</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Facilitators</th>
<th>Participants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Researcher Development Programme &amp; Reflective Practice</td>
<td>Vitae</td>
<td>27 staff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fieldworker Training, e-learning</td>
<td>Ashwin Mehta &amp; Mafugi Dibba</td>
<td>274 staff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Statistics &amp; Stata II</td>
<td>Lindsay Kendall</td>
<td>68 staff</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Excludes staff whose training is in progress.
ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Joan Vives Tomas,
Director of Operations

After three years as Director of Operations at MRC Unit, The Gambia, Peter Noble left in October 2013 to take up a new role as the Chief Operating Officer for the Manchester Academic Health Science Centre (MAHSC) in the UK.

Having taken up post as Director of Operations in December 2013, I am pleased to report that this year the Unit will exceed its 2013/14 external income target of £6 million by more than £1.5m. The Unit also met its financial obligations in 2012/13 and achieved its year-end financial target for 2012/13.

IT

With the introduction of Oracle and MS Dynamics in 2013, and the virtualisation of our servers at the Fajara, Basse and Keneba sites, the Unit has a more robust management system in place. Experience has shown us that no IT solution is ever ‘complete’, but ultimately we hope that the new systems will support the production and delivery of our research more effectively and transparently.

People supporting science

Our experienced staff are the ones that really make the difference when managing research or providing research support. Key departments including the Research Support Office, Transport and Procurement were re-engineered in 2013 to ensure the provision of better, world class support for our research.
ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The Unit, in agreement with the MRC Workers’ Union, went through an internal restructuring process in 2013. The changes were necessary to bring the Unit’s workforce into a modern pay and grading system that includes revised job descriptions with clear person specifications, and clear post assessment criteria. This has helped the Unit to respond to external audit requirements and resulted in a consolidation of staff allowances.

Managing risk

In May 2013, MRC Unit, The Gambia won top prize with Cambridge Risk Solutions for ‘Business continuity strategy through partnership’ sponsored by London First. Both MRC entries were up against stiff opposition from multinational companies with multi-million pound business continuity management budgets, making these achievements all the more notable.

Improving facilities

The level of investment in Unit facilities has increased threefold from 2012. 2013 has seen the upgrade of our Himsworth Laboratory facilities and the introduction of a renewable energy system at the MRC Clinic.

Biomedical engineering

The Department provided service and training for Laboratories equipment in West African countries through service visit to different research centres in the region and hosting training in the Unit. MRC Unit the Gambia becoming a reference biomedical engineering training centre for the West African region.

After three years as Director of Operations at MRC Unit, The Gambia, Peter Noble left in October to take up a new role as the Chief Operating Officer for the Manchester Academic Health Science Centre (MAHSC) in the UK.

This year the Unit will exceed by more than £1.5m its external income target of £6m for 2013/14. The Unit also met its financial obligations in 2012/13 and is on track to achieve the year-end financial target for 2012/13.

External Funding

In three years MRC Unit The Gambia Operations departments had been able to manage with efficiency a 33%
increase in the number of projects managed, a 46% increase in PI’s attracting funds and nearly a 50% increase in attraction of funds.

Basse Field Station

In 2013, the Field Station strengthened its capacity to host more projects and meet the operational needs of our scientists and collaborators.

In April 2013, the Unit hosted its health and safety awareness celebrations in Basse field station. This underscored the commitment the Unit attaches to health and safety for all its employees across the Unit; and the strategic importance of the Basse Field station.

A new site was acquired last year and construction of 8 x 2 bedroom flats has as I write nearly finished. This will alleviate current accommodation problems and could serve as a flood response site.

An on-site general store has been constructed to help ensure proximity of consumables and supplies on demand for projects and the Platform.

There has been a major refurbishment of the Walikunda entomology field site. The site will be hosting the Prinogam and the MRC malaria programme grant projects for the next 3 years.
MRC Unit, The Gambia Research Continuity Team celebrating the ‘CIR Business Continuity Strategy through Partnership’ Award with members of the Gambia Government at the MRC’s Fajara site
UNIT PUBLICATIONS

Long-chain PUFA supplementation in rural African infants: a randomized controlled trial of effects on gut integrity, growth, and cognitive development.
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Distinct roles for FOXP3 and FOXP3 CD4 T cells in regulating cellular immunity to uncomplicated and severe Plasmodium falciparum malaria.

Five-year safety and immunogenicity of GlaxoSmithKline’s candidate malaria vaccine RTS,S/AS02 following administration to semi-immune adult men living in a malaria-endemic region of The Gambia.


Presence of a Multidrug-Resistance Mutation in an HIV-2 Variant Infecting a Treatment-Naive Individual in Caio, Guinea Bissau.

Prospective identification of malaria parasite genes under balancing selection.

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Quantitative detection of Plasmodium falciparum DNA in saliva, blood, and urine.

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Virological response to highly active antiretroviral therapy in patients infected with human immunodeficiency virus type 2 (HIV-2) and in patients dually infected with HIV-1 and HIV-2 in the Gambia and emergence of drug-resistant variants.


Mortality in HIV infection is independently predicted by host iron status and SLC11A1 and HP genotypes, with new evidence of a gene-nutrient interaction.


Early-life nutritional and environmental determinants of thymic size in infants born in rural Bangladesh.


Positive selection of a CD36 nonsense variant in sub-Saharan Africa, but no association with severe malaria phenotypes.


Immunogenicity of novel DosR regulon-encoded candidate antigens of Mycobacterium tuberculosis in three high-burden populations in Africa.


Ethnic differences in parathyroid hormone secretion and mineral metabolism in response to oral phosphate administration.


Gene copy number variation throughout the Plasmodium falciparum genome.

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Clinical observations associated with proven and unproven cases in the ESCRs study of prophylaxis of postoperative endophthalmitis after cataract surgery.

Effects of genetic variation at the CYP2C19/CYP2C9 locus on pharmacokinetics of chlorcycloguanil in adult Gambians.

T cell memory response to pneumococcal protein antigens in an area of high pneumococcal carriage and disease.
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Effect of two different house screening interventions on exposure to malaria vectors and on anaemia in children in The Gambia: a randomised controlled trial.
Kirby MJ, Ameh D, Bottomley C, Green C, Jawara M, Milligan PJ, Snell PC, Conway DJ, Lindsay SW Lancet 02-Sep-09

Iron delocalisation in the pathogenesis of malarial anaemia.

A study comparing sexually transmitted infections and HIV among ex-red-light district and non-red-light district sex workers after the demolition of Baina red-light district.
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Meeting oxygen needs in Africa: an options analysis from the Gambia.

Heritability of antibody isotype and subclass responses to Plasmodium falciparum antigens.
Duah NO, Weiss HA, Jepson A, Tetteh KK, Whittle HC, Conway DJ PLoS One 08-Oct-09


Phenotypic analysis of human peripheral blood regulatory T cells (CD4(+)FOXP3(+)CD127(lo/-)) ex vivo and after in vitro restimulation with malaria antigens.
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Direct Relationship between Virus Load and Systemic Immune Activation in HIV-2 Infection.
A temporal-spatial analysis of malaria transmission in Adama, Ethiopia.
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Bioactive TGF-beta levels can be preserved in plasma samples collected into heparin but not EDTA.
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The Lambarene Organ Dysfunction Score (LODS) is a simple clinical predictor of fatal malaria in African children.

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The external Ballard examination does not accurately assess the gestational age of infants born at home in a rural community of The Gambia.

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Immunogenicity of antigens from the Tbd1 region present in M. africanum and missing from modern M. tuberculosis: a cross-sectional study.

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Differences between tuberculosis cases infected with Mycobacterium africanum, West African type 2, relative to Euro-American Mycobacterium tuberculosis: an update.

UNIT PUBLICATIONS

Erythrocyte invasion and merozoite ligand gene expression in severe and mild Plasmodium falciparum malaria.

Regulatory T cells in malaria--friend or foe?
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Acquisition of antibody isotypes against Plasmodium falciparum blood stage antigens in a birth cohort.
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Allele-specific antibodies to Plasmodium falciparum merozoite surface protein-2 and protection against clinical malaria.

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Efficiency of immunization service in the Gambia: results of a stakeholder analysis.
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Interrelation of parathyroid hormone and vitamin D metabolites in adolescents from the UK and The Gambia.

Vitamin A supplementation and BCG vaccination at birth in low birthweight neonates: two by two factorial randomised controlled trial.

Like sugar and honey': The embedded ethics of a larval control project in The Gambia.

Effect of revaccination with BCG in early childhood on mortality: randomised trial in Guinea-Bissau.

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Boosting antibody responses to Plasmodium falciparum merozoite antigens in children with highly seasonal exposure to infection.

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Parasite Immunol 01-Apr-10


Further evidence supporting a role for gs signal transduction in severe malaria pathogenesis.


Conjunctival gene expression profiling using pathway focused arrays reveals increased matrix metalloproteinase-7 (matrilysin) transcription in trachomatous trichiasis.


Spatial analysis of tuberculosis in an Urban West African setting: is there evidence of clustering?

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Oral activated charcoal prevents experimental cerebral malaria in mice and in a randomized controlled clinical trial in man did not interfere with the pharmacokinetics of parenteral artesunate.


Highly avid, oligoclonal, early-differentiated antigen-specific CD8(+) T-cells in chronic HIV-2 infection.


First-year lymphocyte T CD4+ response to antiretroviral therapy according to the HIV type in the IeDEA West Africa collaboration.


Transmission of Streptococcus pneumoniae in Rural Gambian Villages: A Longitudinal Study.

Polyfunctional CD4+ and CD8+ T Cell Responses to Tuberculosis Antigens in HIV-1-Infected Patients before and after Anti-Retroviral Treatment.

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Breast milk sodium content in rural Gambian women: between- and within-women variation in the first 6 months after delivery.


Detecting signatures of balancing selection to identify targets of anti-parasite immunity.

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A decline in the incidence of invasive non-typhoidal Salmonella infection in The Gambia temporally associated with a decline in malaria infection.


Undetectable plasma viral load predicts normal survival in HIV-2-infected people in a West African village.


Oral polio vaccine influences the immune response to BCG vaccination: A natural experiment.


HIV-2 capsids distinguish high and low virus load patients in a West African community cohort.


The challenge of assessing infant vaccine responses in resource-poor settings.


Comparison of Pulmonary TB DOTS clinic medication before and after the introduction of daily DOTS treatment and attitudes of treatment defaulters in the Western Division of the Gambia.

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UNIT PUBLICATIONS

The influence of HLA class I and HLA-KIR compound genotypes on HIV-2 infection and markers of disease progression in a Manjako community in West Africa.


Haptoglobin and sickle cell polymorphisms and risk of active trachoma in Gambian children.

A randomised trial to compare the safety, tolerability and efficacy of three drug combinations for intermittent preventive treatment in children.

Expanded polyfunctional T cell response to mycobacterial antigens in TB disease and contraction post-treatment.
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Development of a pain management protocol for a paediatric ward in the gambia, west Africa.

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Cause of death among people with retroviral infection in rural Guinea-Bissau.
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UNIT PUBLICATIONS

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Darboe MK, Fulford AJ, Secka O, Prentice AM BMC Infect Dis 05-Jul-10

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Pinder M, Moorthy VS, Akanmori BD, Genton B, Brown GV Vaccine 05-Jul-10

Isolation of viable Plasmodium falciparum merozoites to define erythrocyte invasion events and advance vaccine and drug development.
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Continued decline of malaria in The Gambia with implications for elimination.

Host genetic factors and vaccine-induced immunity to HBV infection: haplotype analysis.

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